1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

MOLYGREEN PERFECT 5W-30 SN

Product Code 50-E-113 Recommended Use Engine oil

CHUGAI YUKAGAKU KOGYO Co., Ltd. Identification of the supplier

790 Nisibukuro, Yasio-City, Saitama Pref. JAPAN Address

Phone number +81-48-924-5211 Facsimile number +81-48-924-5212 Emergency telephone number : +81-48-929-0051

### 2. Hazards identification

GHS CLASSIFICATION

PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL HAZARDS : Not classified HEALTH HAZARDS Not classified ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS : Not classified

GHS LABELING

Precautionary pictograms : Not applicable Signal word Not applicable Hazard Statement : Not applicable Precautionary Statements

Prevention · Not applicable Response : Not applicable Storage : Not applicable Disposal : Not applicable

#### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/Mixture

The name of a chemical substance Ingredients and Concentration

Mixture

Mixture of <u>lubricant</u> base oils and Additives

Ingredients	Cas No.	Concentration (mass%)
Polyalphaolefin	100172-11-1	67-77
Polymer Ester	non-disclosure	5-15
Fatty acid Ester	non-disclosure	1-5
Additives	(Mixture)	10-20

Chemical formula : nonidentifiable

Hazardous substances

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Act Not Regulated Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

Japan Industrial Safety and

Health Act

₹8.	ister (FRIR)	. Not kegulated	
:	Ingredients	Cabinet Order No.	Concentration (mass%)
	Mineral oil	Article 18, 1, Attached	3-8
		table 9-168 of Cabinet	
		order(Labeling, etc)	
	Molybdenum and	Article 18, 1, Attached	0. 4-0. 8
	its compounds	table 9-603 of Cabinet	(as Molybdenum
		order(Labeling, etc)	:0.018-0.036)

#### First-aid measures

Eve Contact

Ingestion

Inhalation 1 Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

2 Cover the body with blankets to keep warm and quiet. If you feel unwell, seek medical

Skin Contact 1 Immediately take off the polluted clothes and flush skin with large amounts of water

and soapy water.

2 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

1 Rinse with clean water carefully for several minutes.

2 Remove contact lenses if present and if removal is easy, then continue rinsing.

3 Rinse for 15 minutes at a minimum and seek medical attention.

Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

2 When the inside of the mouth is polluted, it's washed with water enough.

### Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing Media : Mist of loaded liquid, dry chemicals, carbon dioxide, fire foam, and dry sand are

Extinguishing Media to Avoid Use of straight steam of water can cause a risk of spreading fire.

Specific hazards arising In some cases of fire, may release irritant gases. Peculiar fire extinguishing method 1 Remove combustion source in fire.

2 Spray water to the surrounding facilities for cooling. 3 Keep unauthorized persons off the site of occurrence of fire and the surroundings. 1 Fight fire from windward direction while wearing protective equipment. If contact

with skin is expected, wear impervious protective equipment and gloves.

 $2 \ \mbox{Use}$  air-breathing apparatus and protective clothing whenever necessary.

### Accidental release measures

Precautions for fire fighters

Personal precautions Wear protective equipment when working.

Environmental precautions 1 Prevent spreading of oil spill with earth and sand, sandbags, or other proper

<sup>\*</sup> Even when there is no mentioning in the above instructions by GHS classification, please consider sufficiently to prevention /response/storage/disposal by making reference to after information.

materials and use care not to allow the oil spill to flow to street drains, sewer systems, and rivers.

2 At sea, install oil spill containment booms to prevent spreading of spills and absorb with absorption mat or other proper materials.

1 Make a person evacuate from a dangerous area.

containment and cleaning up 2 Stretch a rope and prohibit person's entering around the dangerous area.

3 In case of spillage in small quantity, collect spillage by absorbing with earth, sand, sawdust, waste, or other proper materials.

4 In case of spillage in large quantity, enclose with embankment to prevent spreading of spillage and collect spillage in empty containers to the extent possible.

1 In case of spillage, immediately inform the organizations concerned of the spillage to prevent possible accidents and spreading of spillage.

2 Remove nearby potential ignition sources immediately and make fire-extinguishing

agents available.

3 Remove spillage completely, and ventilate and clean the site and the surroundings.

## 7. Handling and storage

Handling Technical measures

Prevention of second accident

Methods and materials for

1 Keep away from any possible contact with sparks, open flames, and high-temperature

materials, and do not allow release of vapor without justification.

2 Use personal protective equipment as required.

3 Use pumps or other proper equipment for taking out from containers. Do not siphon with your mouth using a tube. Do not drink.

4 When mist is generated, use respiratory equipment to prevent inhalation of mist.

1 Maintain adequate ventilation when handling indoors. Ventilation/Exhaust measure

2 In case of vapor/mist dispersion, install a closed system, local ventilation system,

and/or other proper equipment for the sources of vapor/mist generation.

Wash hands and face thoroughly after handling.

2 Wear protective gloves when opening containers to eliminate a risk of hand injury.

3 Avoid rough handling of containers such as falling, dropping, exposing to shock,

and dragging.

Storage

Precautions

Storage Conditions 1 Store in a well ventilated, cool, dry, dark place, protecting from direct sunlight.

2 Avoid every kind of potential ignition sources and high-temperature materials.

3 Keep containers tightly closed after use to prevent possible contamination with

dust and moisture.

1 Avoid contact and storage in the same place with Halogens, Strong acids, Alkalies Precautions

and Oxidizers.

2 Empty containers may contain combustible product residues. Do not weld, solder, drill, cut or perform similar operations unless they have been properly cleaned.

JIS K 2249

#### 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

1 In case of mist generation, enclose the source of mist generation, or install a Engineering controls ventilation system.

2 Install eye cleaning and body cleaning equipment near the handling site.

Control parameters : None established

Assessment Criteria of Working Environment

(Ministry of Labor, Notification No. 79 in 27-Mar-95)

1 Time Weighted Average 3mg/m³ (Mineral Oil Mist)
(Japan Society for Occupational Health /2010 year editions) Threshould Limit Values

2 Time Weighted Average 5mg/m<sup>3</sup> (Mineral Oil Mist)

(ACGIH /2010 year editions)

Protective Equipment

Respiratory Protection : Not needed under normal conditions, but wear a gas mask (against organic gases)

whenever required.

Hand protection : In case of prolonged or repeated exposure, wear oil-resistant hand protection.

Eye protection : In case of exposure to splashes, wear ordinary type goggles.

: In case of handling over a prolonged period of time or in case of exposure to oil, Skin Protection

g/cm

wear oil-resistant, long-sleeved work clothing.

Hygiene Measures Take off contaminated clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

2 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearances : Liquid Physical state Form : Viscous fluid

Color Clear brown 0dor Slight odor Density (at 15 C) 0.86

Flash Point 232 JIS K 2265-4 (COC) (at 40°C) JIS K 2283 Viscosity 60  $mm^2/s$ 

(at 100°C) : 10 JIS K 2283  $mm^2/s$ JIS K 2269 Pour Point: : <-50.0

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits (Estimated value) : Explosion Limit (1-7%) Solubility : Water/insoluble

## Stability and reactivity

# SAF<u>ETY DATA</u>

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Keep away from any possible contact with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid 1 Contact with incompatible hazard substances.

2 Prolonged heating, open flames, and ignition sources

Incompatible materials : Use care to keep away from any possible contact with halogens, strong acids,

alkalis, and Oxidizers.

Hazardous decomposition products : When burnt, may release carbon monoxide and other gases.

#### 11. Toxicological information

(The obtained information is based on a safety data sheet of each ingredient)

For mixtures, hazard category was identified based on the classification criteria for mixtures. Ingredients(Polyalphaolefin)

Acute toxicity(oral) : LD50: ≥ 2000 mg/kg[rat] The toxicity is very low.

This data is based on data of a similar chemical structure.

: LD50: ≥ 2000 mg/kg[rat] The toxicity is very low. Acute toxicity(dermal)

This data is based on data of a similar chemical structure. Acute toxicity(Inhalation) : LC50(4h)  $\gt$ 5000 mg/m3 (0il mist) The toxicity is very low. This data is based on data of a similar chemical structure.

Aspiration hazard : The toxicity is very low. (In room temperature)

This data is based on data of a similar chemical structure. Skin corrosion/irritation : The toxicity is very low. (In room temperature)

This data is based on data of a similar chemical structure.

: There is a fear that the unpleasant feeling which is short time's slightness is Serious eve damage/irritation

exerted on eyes.

This data is based on data of a similar chemical structure.

: Practically None Sensitization

Chronic toxicity : The important influence to health is identical or is estimated not to cause it under Long-term toxicity

the usual conditions for use according to a study at a laboratory by a substance of

resemblance. Mutagenicity : Not determined

: Not applicable (IARC, NTP, Japan Society for Occupational Health) Carcinogenicity

Reproductive toxicity Not determined Teratogenesis : Not determined

Ingredients(Polymer Ester) Acute toxicity (Oral) : Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data. Acute toxicity (Dermal) : Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data. Acute toxicity (Inhalation) Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation : When being long or touching repeatedly, a stimulus sometimes forms.

: Remarks: Not classified as a primary skin irritant. : Remarks: Not classified as a primary eye irritant. Serious Eye Damage/Eye

Irritation

Respiratory sensitization : No data available Skin sensitization : No data available Germ cell mutagenicity : No data available Carcinogenicity : No data available Reproductive toxicity No data available Specific target organ toxicity (Single exposure) No data available

Specific target organ toxicity (Repeated exposure) : No data available : No data available

Aspiration hazard Ingredients (Fatty acid ester)

Acute toxicity(oral) : LD50  $\geq$ 2000mg/kg bw(rat) (OECD 401;Polyesuter)

Acute toxicity(dermal) : Not determined

Acute toxicity(Inhalation) : LC50(4h) >5.1mg/l(rat) (OECD 403; Reed accros from Supporting substance)

Skin corrosion/irritation : None Serious eye damage/irritation : None

Respiratory sensitization : Not determined Skin sensitization Not determined Mutagenicity Not determined Carcinogenicity Not determined Reproductive toxicity Not determined Specific target organ toxicity (Single exposure) Not determined Specific target organ toxicity (Repeated exposure)

: Not determined : Not determined

Aspiration hazard Ingredient (Additives)

(Long-chain arcarylamine/The content in the product : 0.1-  $\langle$ 1.2 %) Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Rat: > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401 Test substance: Read-across (Analogy)

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Rat: > 2,000 mg/kg

> Method: OECD Test Guideline 402 Test substance: Read-across (Analogy)

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute inhalation toxicity : study scientifically unjustified

Species: Rabbit Skin corrosion/irritation

Result: No skin irritation Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

Test substance:yes : Species: Rabbit Serious eye damage/eye

Result: No eye irritation Method: OECD Test Guideline 405 irritation

Test substance: yes

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin : Test Method: Maximisation Test

sensitisation

Species: Guinea pig Result: Does not cause skin sensitisation. Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Test substance: Read-across (Analogy)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity in vitro : Result: negative

Test substance: Read-across (Analogy)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Genotoxicity in vivo Test species: MouseTest substance: Read-across (Analogy)

Result: negativeBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity study scientifically unjustified Test substance: Read-across (Analogy) Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. (Zinc alkyl dithiophosphateate)/The content in the product: 0.1- <1.2 %)

Acute oral toxicity

: LD50 Rat, male: 2,600 mg/kg

Method: Tested according to Annex V of Directive

67/548/EEC. Test substance: yes

GLP: yes Remarks: May be harmful if swallowed. Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Rabbit, male and female: > 3,160 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Test substance: yes

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

: LC50 Rat, male: > 2 mg/1 Acute inhalation toxicity

Exposure time: 1 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403 Test substance: Read-across (Analogy) GLP: no

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Species: Guinea pig Skin corrosion/irritation

Exposure time: 4 h

Result: Causes skin irritation. Method: OECD Test Guideline 404 Test substance: Read-across (Analogy)

Specific concentration limits: Skin Irrit. 2 H315 >= 6.25 -100%.

Serious eye damage/eye Species: Rabbit Exposure time: 504 h irritation

Result: Causes serious eye damage. Method: 16 CFR 1500.42 Test substance: Read-across (Analogy)

Carcinogenicity : No data available

(Molybdenum polysulphide long chain alkyl dithiocarbamate complex/The content in the product: <0.13 %)

Skin corrosion/irritation : Exposure time: 4 h

Result: Skin irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404 Test substance:yes

Respiratory or skin

Causes skin irritation. : Test Method: Maximisation Test (GPMT)

sensitisation Classification: May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Result: Causes sensitisation. Method: Maximisation Test (GPMT)

Test substance: yes

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

# 12. Ecological information

(The obtained information is based on a safety data sheet of each ingredient)

Product

For mixtures, hazard category was identified based on the classification criteria for mixtures. Ingredients (Polyalphaolefin)  ${\bf r}$ 

Ecotoxicity : It isn't estimated by hydrobios to be harmful.

Bioaccumulative potential : It's predicted that there is biodegradablility essentially.

: There is no useful information. Mobility

Other adverse effect : Important influence and toxicity aren't reported.

Ingredients (Polymer Ester)

Ecotoxicity : No data available Biodegradation : No data available Bioaccumulative potential : No data available

#### FETY DATA SHEET

: No data available Mobility Other adverse effect : No data available

Ingredients (Fatty acid ester) Ecotoxicity

: EL(50) >100mg/L (daphnia) (OECD 202) LL50(96h) >10,000mg/L(fish) (OECD 203) : 72% (OECD 301B, degradation; 28days) Biodegradation Bioaccumulative potential : There is no useful information. Mobility There is no useful information.

Other adverse effect There is no useful information. : There is no useful information.

Ingredient (Additives)

(Long-chain arcarylamine/The content in the product : 0.1- <1.2 %)

Ecotoxicity

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Method: static test

Test substance: Read-across (Analogy) Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Toxicity to daphnia and

: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

other aquatic invertebrates Exposure time: 48 h

Test Method: static test Test substance: yes

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Method: static test

Test substance: Read-across (Analogy) Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability

: aerobic

activated sludge Result: Not biodegradable Biodegradation: 1 %

Exposure time: 28 d Test substance: Read-across (Analogy)

According to the results of tests of biodegradability this product is not readily biodegradable.

: Accumulation in aquatic organisms is expected. Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient: noctanol/water log Pow: > 7.6

Mobility in soil : After release, adsorbs onto soil.

Results of PBT and vPvB : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). assessment This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

(Zinc alkyl dithiophosphateate)/The content in the product: 0.1-<1.2 %)

Ecotoxicity

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 4.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Method: semi-static test Analytical monitoring: no Test substance: Read-across (Analogy) Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

GLP: yes Toxic to aquatic life.

: EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 5.4  $\ensuremath{\mathrm{mg/l}}$ Toxicity to daphnia and

other aquatic invertebrates

Exposure time: 48 h Test Method: static test Analytical monitoring: yes

Test substance: Read-across (Analogy) Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

GLP: yes

Toxic to aquatic life.

: EbC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 2.1 mg/l Toxicity to algae

Exposure time: 96 h Test Method: static test Analytical monitoring: yes

Test substance: Read-across (Analogy) Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

GLP: ves

Toxic to aquatic life.

Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability : aerobic

activated sludge Concentration: 10 mg/1

Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 1.5 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Test substance: yes

GLP: yes

According to the results of tests of biodegradability this product is not readily

biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential : Due to the distribution coefficient n-octanol/water.accumulation in organisms is not

expected.

Partition coefficient: noctanol/water  $\,$  log Pow: 0.9 at 23  $^{\circ}$  C

Mobility in soil : After release, adsorbs onto soil.

Results of PBT and vPvB This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

assessment (Molybdenum polysulphide long chain alkyl dithiocarbamate complex/The content in the product: <0.13 %)

Ecotoxicity

Toxicity to fish : NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 94.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Method: semi-static test Test substance: Read-across (Analogy) Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and : EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 50 mg/l

other aquatic invertebrates

Exposure time: 48 h Test Method: static test Test substance: yes Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 Harmful to aquatic life.

Toxicity to algae : EbC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 9.62

mg/1

Exposure time: 72 h Test Method: Growth inhibition Test substance: Read-across (Analogy) Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to bacteria : IC50 : > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h

Test Method: Respiration inhibition Test substance: Read-across (Analogy)

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

(Chronic toxicity)

Exposure time: 21 d Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test substance: yes

Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability

: aerobic

: NOEC: 100 mg/l

activated sludge

Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 22.75 % Exposure time: 29 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301 Test substance: Read-across (Analogy)

According to the results of tests of biodegradability this product is not readily

biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential : Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)

Temperature: 25 ° C Concentration: 0.05 mg/l Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 88 Test substance: Read-across (Analogy) Method: OECD Test Guideline 305

Accumulation in aquatic organisms is unlikely.

Mobility in soil After release, adsorbs onto soil.

Results of PBT and vPvB This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB). assessment

# Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

1 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/ international regulations.

2 Don't throw away.

3 Every customer/user of the product should dispose of industrial waste on its own responsibility, otherwise it must rely on a company authorized by prefectural governor for treating industrial waste or a local public body involved in the disposal of industrial waste for proper disposal.

4 Before disposal of used container, remove contents completely.

### 14. Transport information

UN classification Not applicable LAND - Precautionary Transportation Measures & Conditions and/or High Pressure Gases.

NOTE: Comply with applicable laws and regulations.

Not Regulated for Sea Transport according to IMDG-Code SEA (IMDG)

Marine Pollutant : No

: Not Regulated for Air Transport ATR (TATA) Specific security precaution and condition of transportation

: Transport containers without causing any significant friction or shaking.

#### Regulatory information

National Laws and Regulations

Fire Service Law : Category 4, Flammable Liquids, Class III (#4 Petroleum)

Industrial Safety and Health Act: Notified Substances Pollutant Release and Transfer : Not Regulated

Register (PRTR)

Water Pollution Contro Act : Regulations on emissions Sewerage Act : Regulations on emissions Marine Pollution Prevention Low : Regulations on emissions

Waste Management and Pablic : Industrial waste treatment regulation

Cleaning Law

## 16. Other information

(references)

 ${\tt Globally\ Harmonized\ System\ of\ Classification\ and\ Labelling\ of\ Chemicals(GHS)}$ (2013 year editions)

The National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE) /GHS relevant information Japan Personnel management & Safety information /GHS relevant information

The others; Additionally the information a literature search gave.

We would like every customer/user of the product to refer to the information and understand the necessity of taking appropriate measures for the actual handling conditions on their own responsibilities for optimum practical application of the product of interest.

Consequently, the Safety Data Sheet is not intended to guarantee the safety of the product referenced to herein.